



ISI Markets

CEIC EMIS EPFR REDD

CEIC & EPFR Data: Connecting macro and micro insights to help you thrive in emerging and developed markets.



THIS CHART PACK CONTAINS 21 VISUALISATIONS



>30 years curating the most complete and authoritative global intelligence offering



Critical insight on the economic position and outlook for global markets including EM



Unparalleled view on investor and fund manager sentiment across global markets

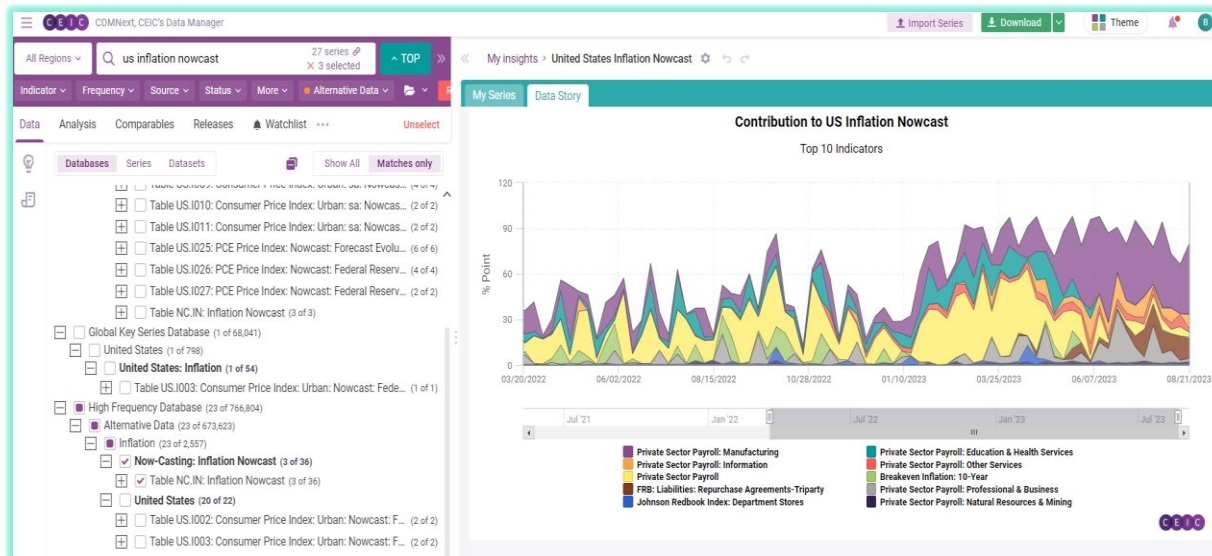


Curating the best industry and company research, data and news for emerging markets

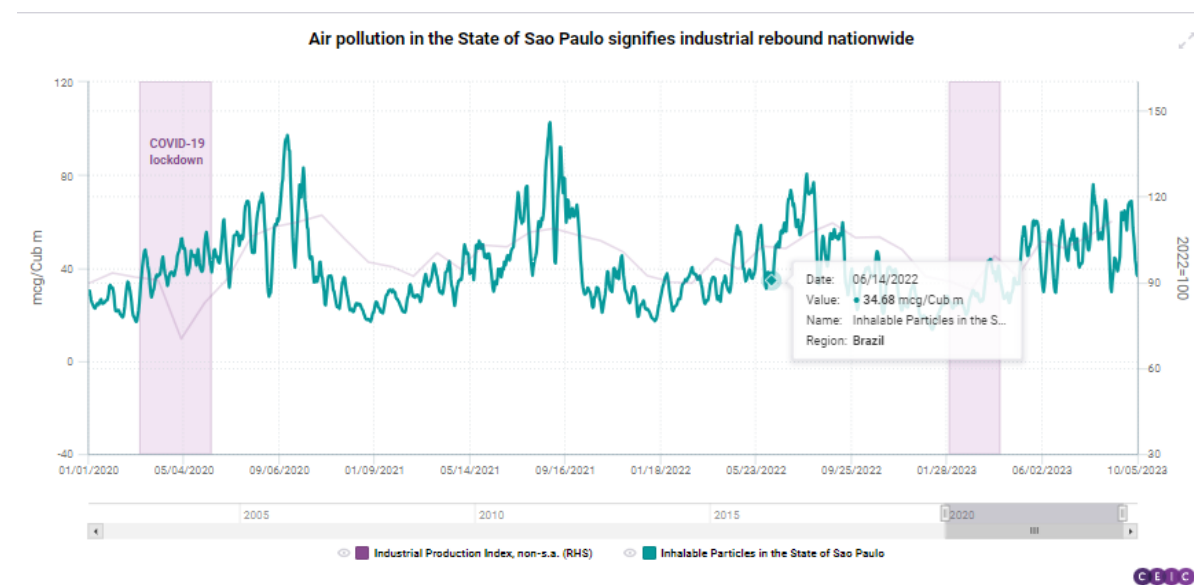


Providing alpha generating intelligence on High Yield, special sits and distressed debt

CEIC: Providing valuable and immediate insight into economic developments through high quality data and analytical tools

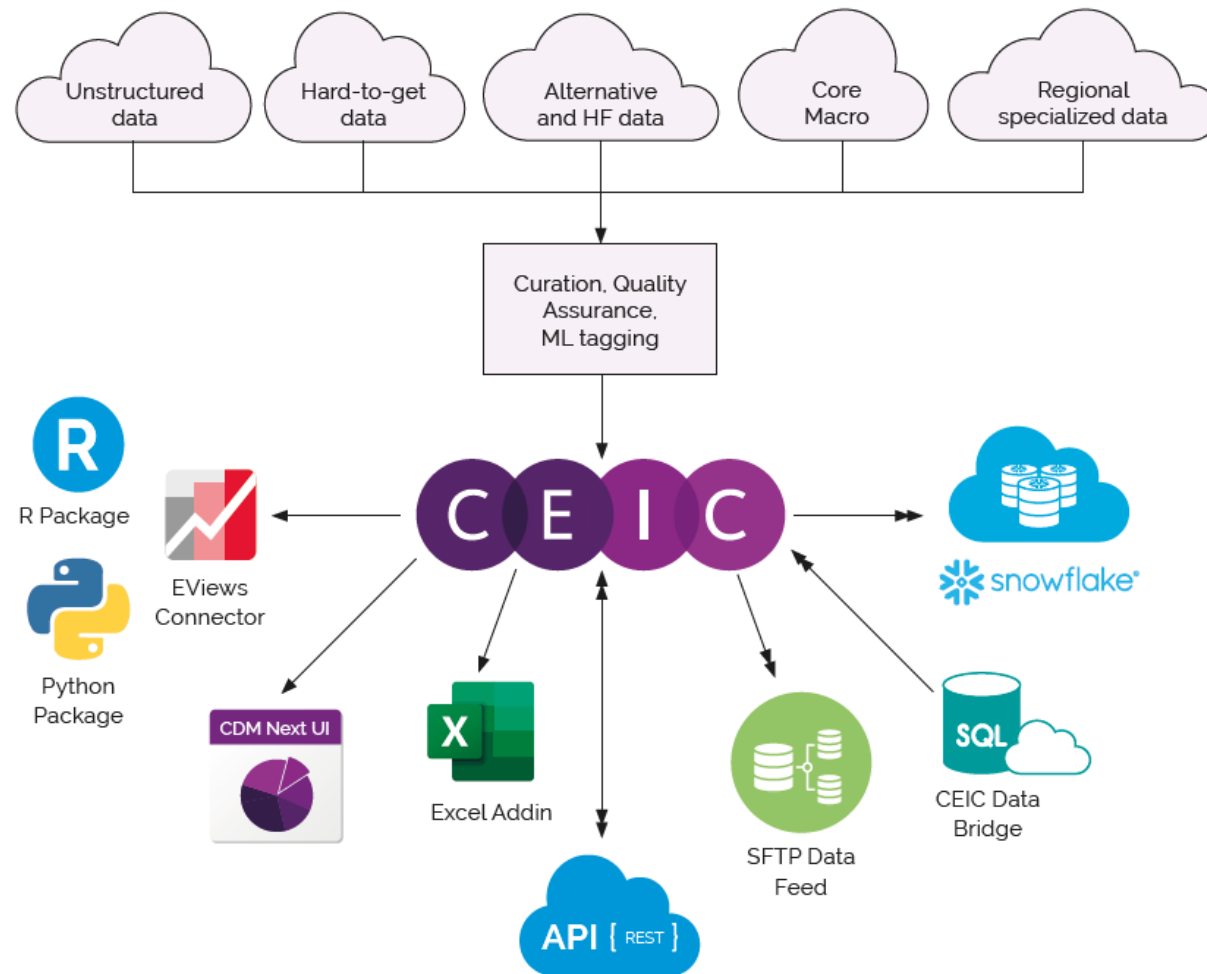


- Traditional and alternative / high frequency data sets = unique source of alpha gen.
- Provides insight into EM and DM economic performance and outlook.



- Available via API and desktop UI.
- Easy charting & visualisation of insights.
- Drag and drop data into analytical environment.

At the heart of your data workflow



- CEIC's API allows users to get the latest data fed directly into their systems, models or reports, regardless of the tools or platforms they use to perform their data analysis with these key features:
 - Timely data updates with options to deliver feed files at different frequencies, from hourly to weekly.
 - Flexible content refinement: users can choose content not just from a series list, but also using detailed search criteria.
 - No user maintenance – the process of series information collection and delivery is entirely handled on CEIC's side.

Long historical time series data for modelling



The screenshot displays the CEIC data platform interface. On the left, a list of time series is shown with columns for country, series name, value, frequency, and date range. On the right, a detailed view of a time series is shown, including a chart and a table of data points.

Country	Series Name	Value	Frequency	Date Range
United St...	Treasury Securities Yield: Constant Maturity: Nominal: 10 Years	4.03	Daily, "5 observation"	01/02/1962 - 10/07/2024
United St...	Crude Oil: Spot Price: Europe Brent	81.74	Daily, "Everyday"	05/20/1987 - 10/07/2024
United St...	Federal Funds: Target Rate: Upper	5	Daily, "5 observation"	07/13/1990 - 10/08/2024
United St...	FX Spot Rate: FRB: Pound Sterling	1.31	Daily, "5 observation"	01/04/1971 - 10/04/2024
United St...	S&P Global: Index: S&P 500	5,695.94	Daily, "5 observation"	01/05/1976 - 10/07/2024
United St...	Crude Oil: Spot Price: West Texas Intermediate Cushing	77.76	Daily, "Everyday"	01/02/1986 - 10/07/2024
Indonesia	IDX: Index: Composite	7,557.14	Daily, "5 observation"	04/04/1983 - 10/08/2024
United St...	S&P Global: Index: Dow Jones US Industrial Average	41,954.24	Daily, "5 observation"	01/02/1953 - 10/07/2024
Philippines	FX Rate: BSP: Peso Reference Rate: US Dollar	56.71	Daily, "5 observation"	01/03/1978 - 10/08/2024
Vietnam	FX Rate: State Bank of Vietnam: Reference Rate: US Dollar	24.168	Daily, "Everyday"	07/20/2004 - 10/08/2024

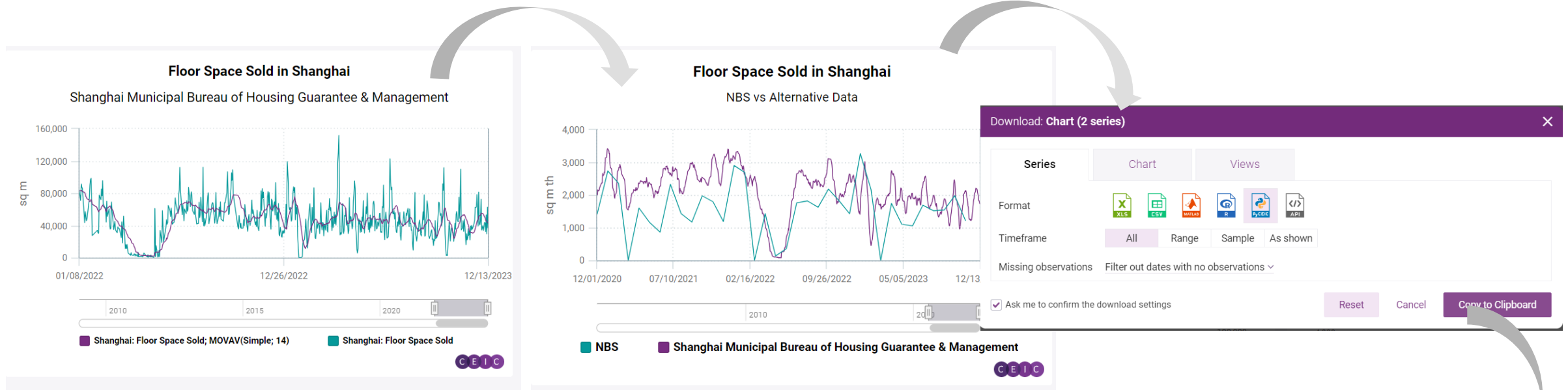
Country	Series Name	Value	Frequency	Date Range	Updated
Iceland	Population	387,758	Person	1732 - 2022	03/09/2023
Iceland	Population: mn: Iceland	0.39	Person mn	1732 - 2022	03/09/2023
Norway	Vital Statistics: Live Births	51,480	Person	1735 - 2022	02/21/2023
Norway	Vital Statistics: Death	45,774	Person	1735 - 2022	02/21/2023
Norway	Vital Statistics: Death per 1000 Persons	8.40	NA	1735 - 2022	02/21/2023
Norway	Vital Statistics: Live Births per 1000 Persons	9.43	NA	1735 - 2022	02/21/2023
Finland	Population: mn: Finland	5.56	Person mn	1749 - 2022	03/31/2023
Finland	Vital Statistics: Death	63,219	Person	1749 - 2022	05/24/2023
Finland	Vital Statistics: Natural Increase	-18,268	Person	1749 - 2022	05/24/2023
Finland	Population	5,563,970	Person	1749 - 2022	03/31/2023
Sweden	Population	10,521,556	Person	1749 - 2022	02/22/2023

- At CEIC, we know how important long enough time series are for the modelling and provide historical data going way back and reconstructed time series to account for methodology changes.

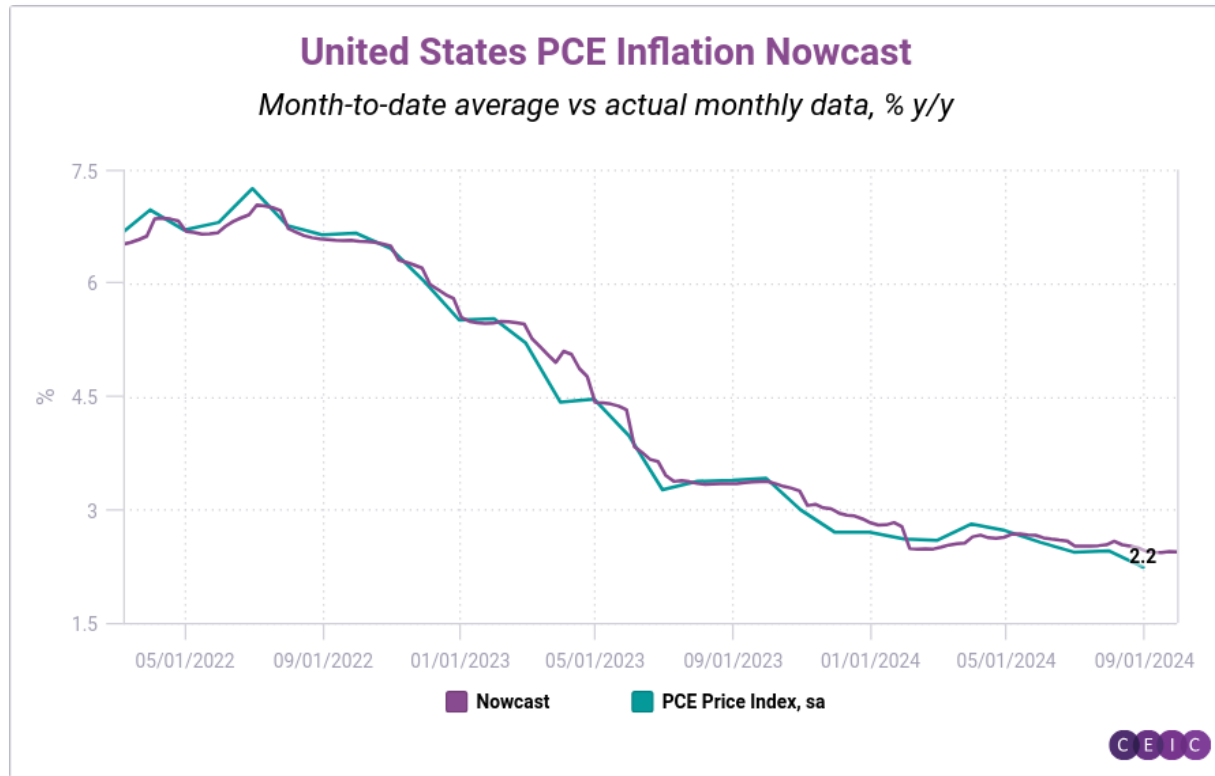
Hypothesis testing & modelling



- From raw data to ready to use model features within minutes...
- ...Copy ready to use commands in your working environment.



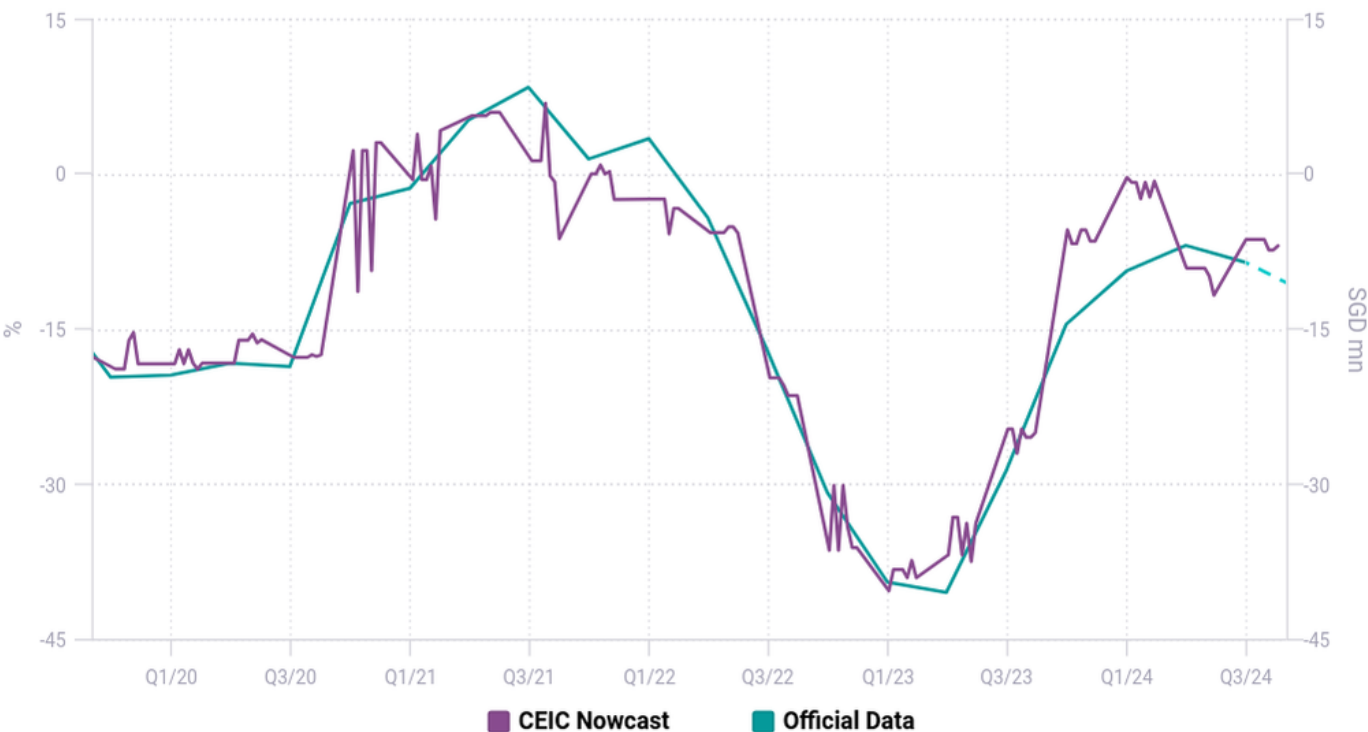
```
ceic_result = Ceic.series("42ea3960-a8fc-4125-9b04-d618cb650b74",  
"cf51a23d-fc9c-4788-997c-534b7a2d3712", lang = "en")
```



Read more: [United States PCE Inflation Nowcast](#)

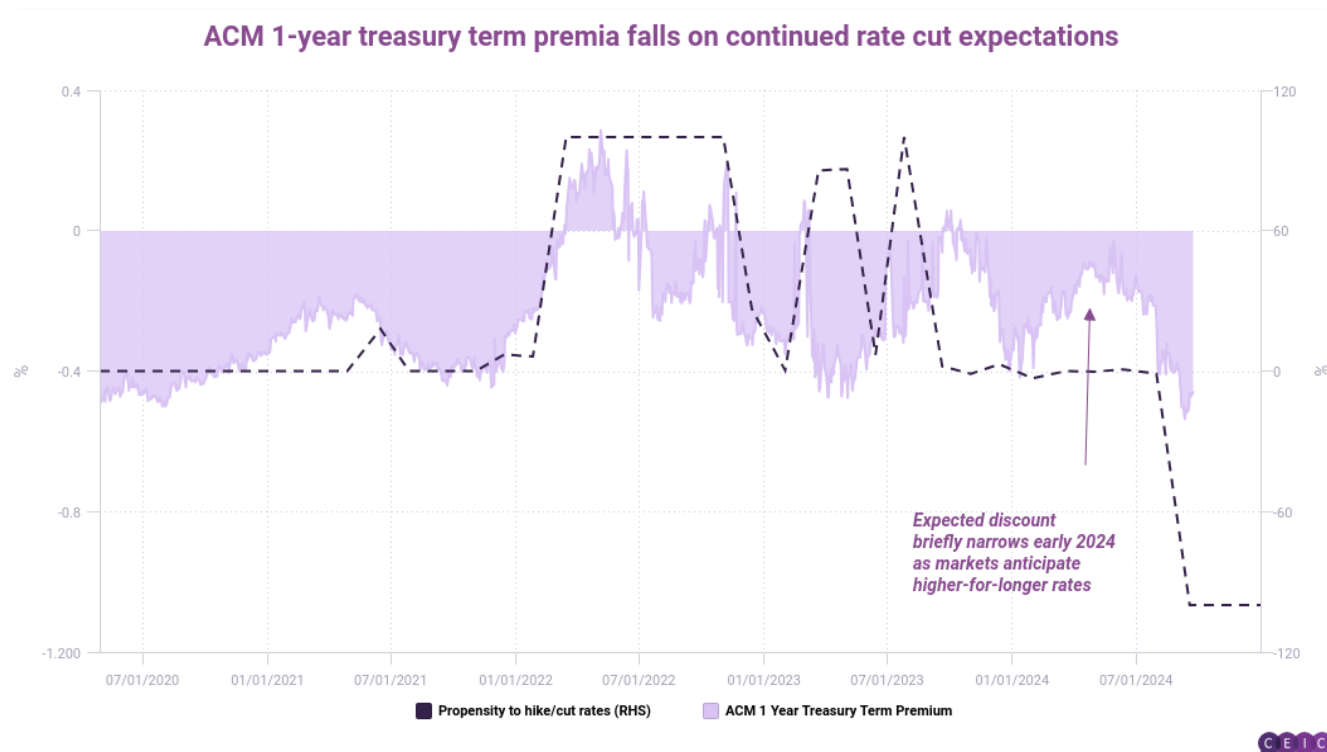
- Fed's preferred inflation gauge has remained relatively stable since June. The August reading stood at 2.2% y/y.
- According to CEIC's nowcasting model, PCE inflation will accelerate slightly to 2.4% y/y in September.
- The machine learning model uses high frequency daily and weekly data to calculate inflation on a weekly basis, thus providing estimates as early as 6 weeks before the actual data release. The CEIC model boasts a 0.99 correlation to actual data and RMSE of 0.26/
- CEIC offers a wide range of weekly nowcasts, including GDP, headline and core CPI, non-farm payrolls, exports, industrial production, retail sales for 15 regions.

Financial Account as % of GDP, Singapore



- The CEIC/EPFR Nowcast model is designed to provide weekly estimates for quarterly balance of payments data. It leverages high-frequency financial flow and allocation data from EPFR and macroeconomic data from CEIC.
- The MIDAS model uses bond and equity flow percentages, which are critical for capturing high-frequency financial dynamics, combined with traditional macro indicators (industrial production, retail sales index, inflation, external trade flows, exchange rates, etc.)
- This combination ensures that our model is presenting a complete picture of all factors affecting balance of payment movements.

An alternative indicator of US financial conditions: term premia

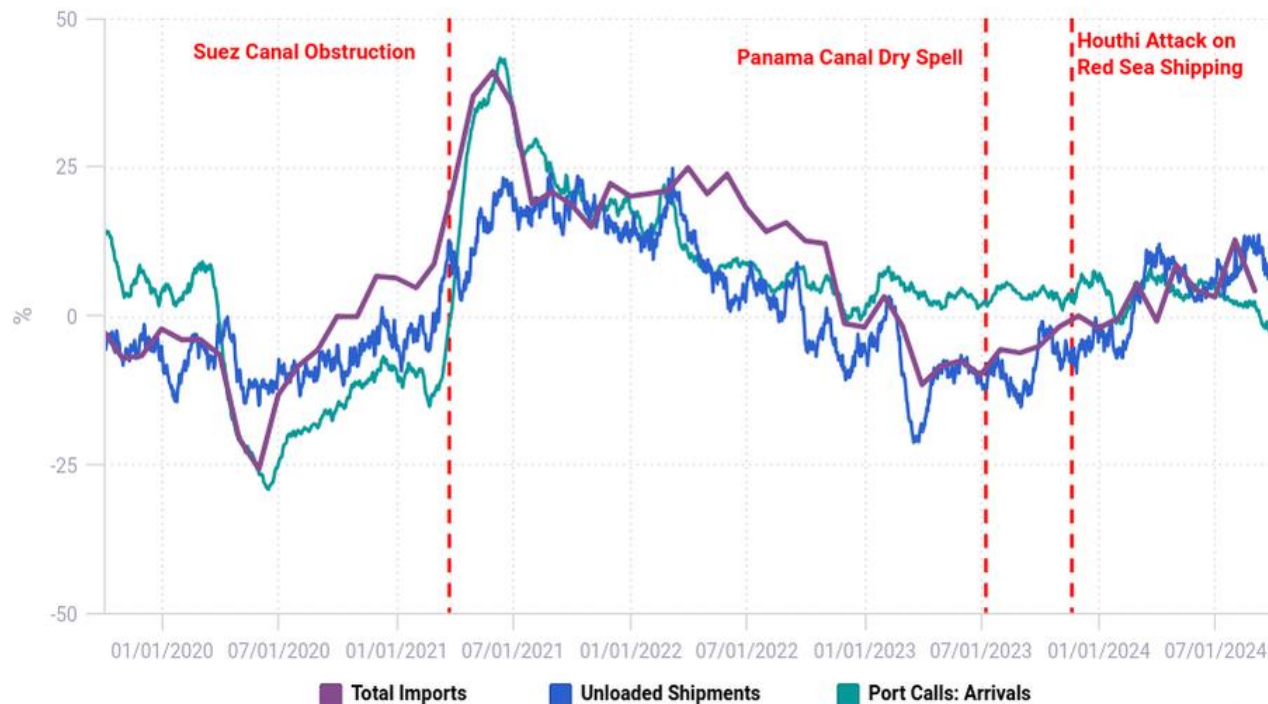


- Why do investors demand to "lock up" their money in 10-year securities rather than rolling over short-term bills? The answer lies in the "term premia", extracted by the Adrian, Crump, and Moench model and available within CEIC.
- Investors who expect interest rates to rise will want more premium. Indeed, we can see that the premium went into positive territory for much of the inflation and rate-hiking cycle of 2022. For much of the past two years, however, the premium was in negative territory – implying that lower rates were seen as likely, an expectation that took a long time to come true.
- After the Fed's bold rate cut, term premia are at their lowest in 20 years – indicating more rate cuts are seen as likely and that investors are willing to accept discount to their potential returns.

Read more: [An alternative indicator of US financial conditions: term premia](#)

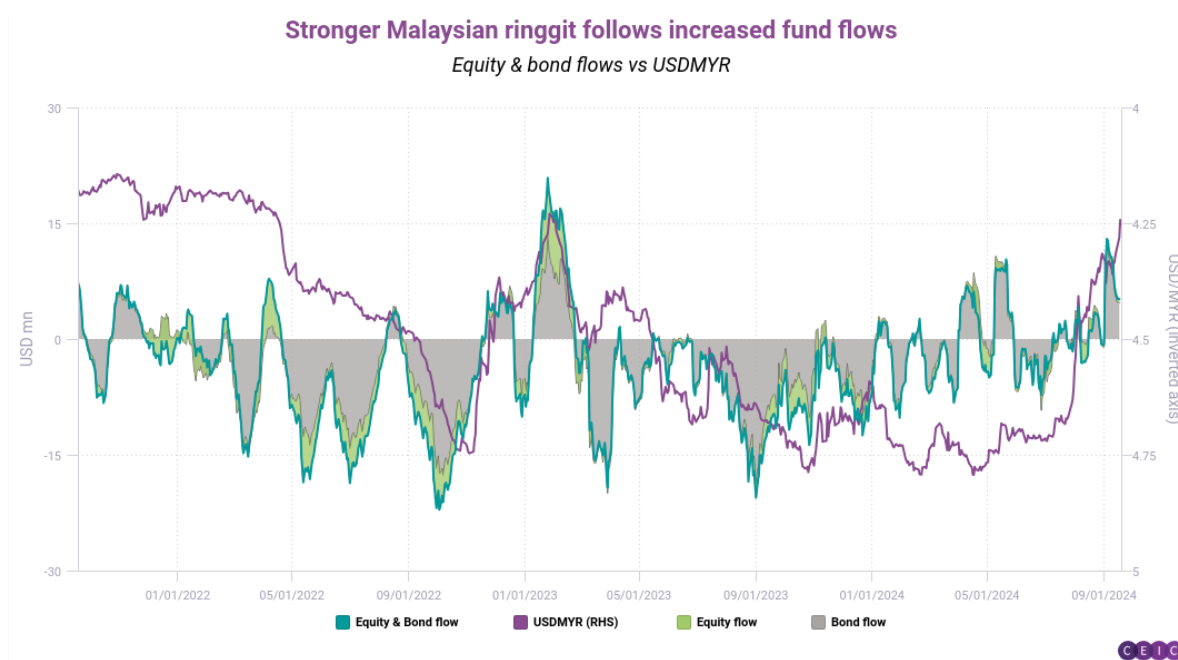
Port call statistics as a bellwether of US trade

Imports correlate with daily port-unloading data



- CEIC's high-frequency data includes daily shipping figures from Marine Traffic that provide early insights into trends for US foreign trade.
- While the US foreign trade report is being released with a lag of more than a month, marine traffic data is being released with only a one-day lag.
- September data suggests further moderation in imports after the sharp drop in August.

Fund flows into Malaysia support the ringgit

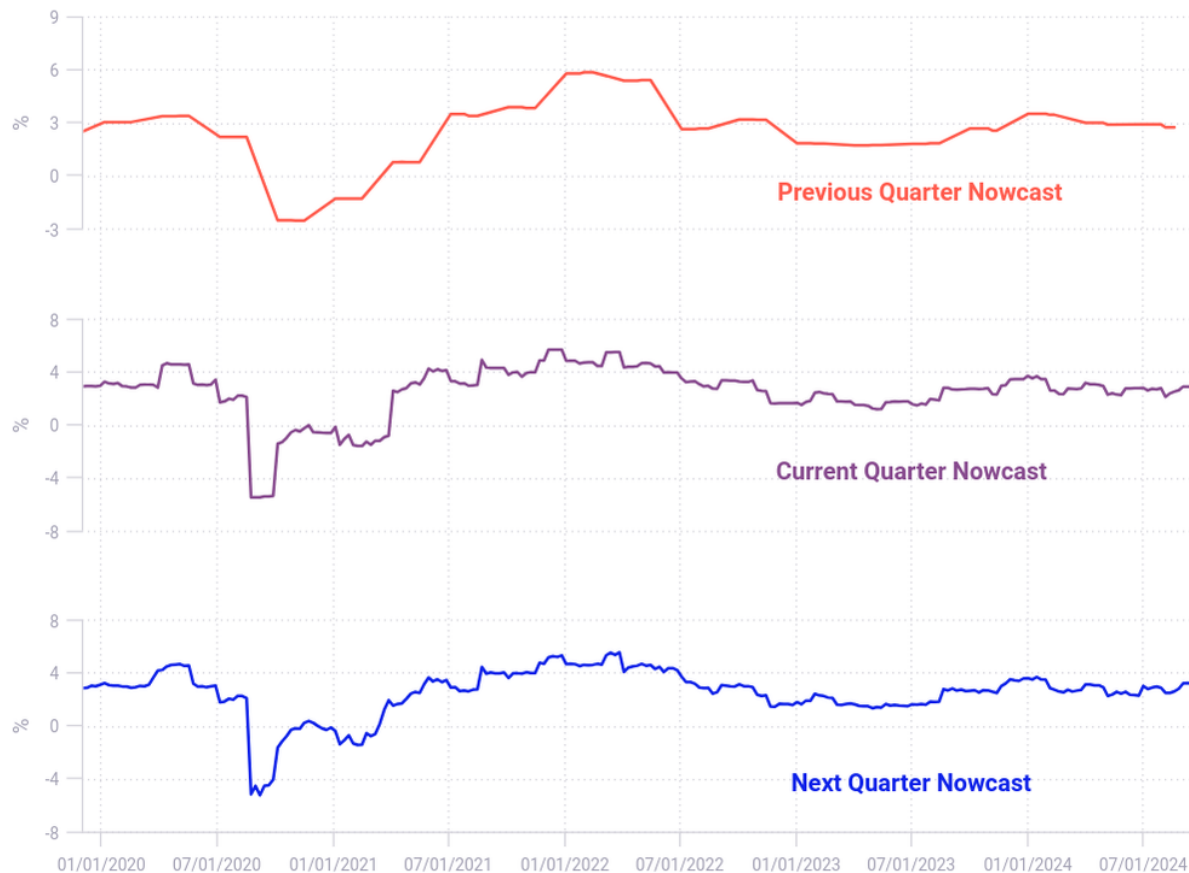


- Inflows to a nation's bond and stock markets can significantly influence exchange rates. We can explore this trend in Malaysia and the broader ASEAN-6 bloc thanks to our partnership with EPFR and its wealth of data on fund flows and asset allocation.
- Our chart tracks the USD/MYR exchange rate. Inflows to bond and equity funds gradually turned positive recently; July and August saw the ringgit jump against the dollar.

Read more: [Fund flows into Malaysia support the ringgit](#)

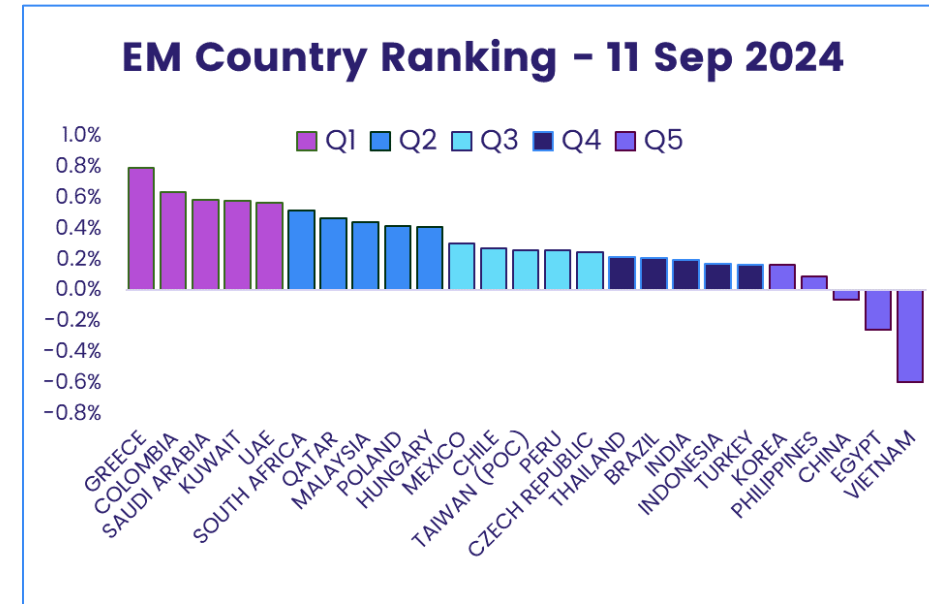
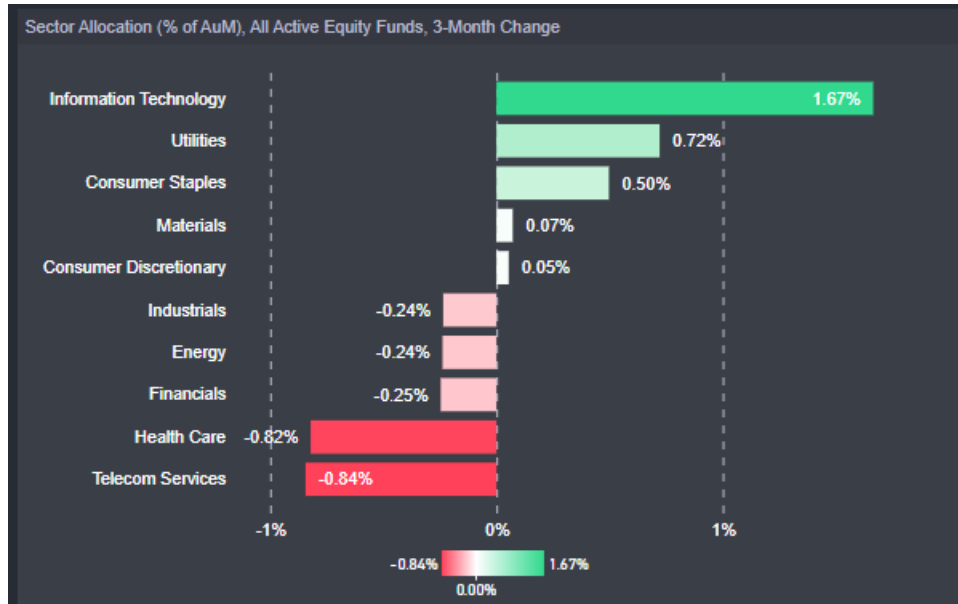
United States GDP Nowcast

% y/y, saar



- CEIC's latest nowcast expansion includes GDP nowcasting using **mixed-frequency inputs (MIDAS)**.
- The key advantage of this approach is the opportunity to use CEIC's large offering of high-frequency and premium alternative data.
- **5+ years of** historical data preserving **point-in-time** estimates, which enables users to view into the original model performance.
- Estimates available for previous, current and next quarters.
- The release includes **10 new regional datasets:** Canada, France, Germany, Indonesia, Japan, Mexico, South Korea, Turkey, UK and US.

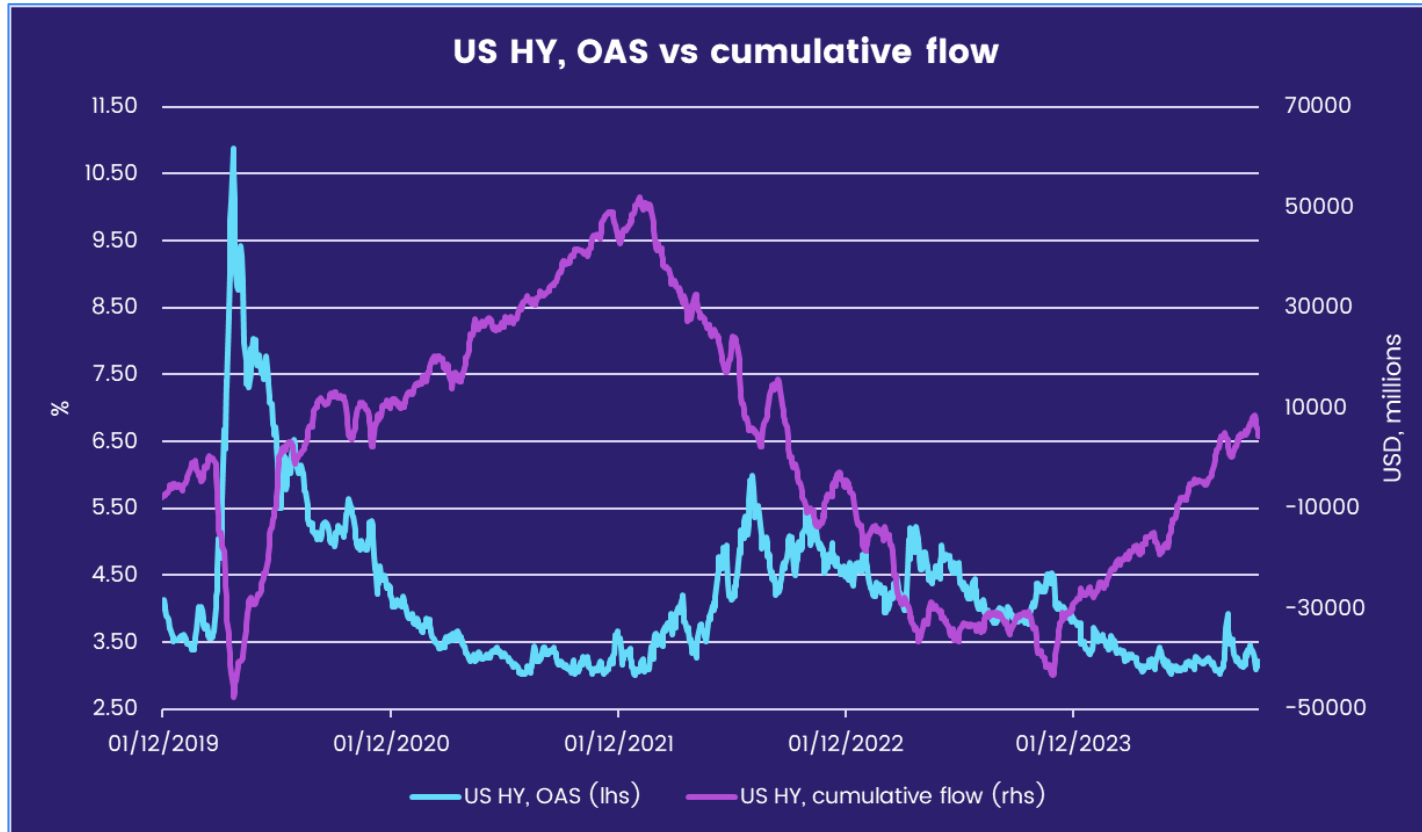
EPFR: Providing the most timely and granular view of global fund flows to buy-side, sell-side and supranational organizations



- **Market Insights:** A comprehensive view of where money is moving across geographies, sectors, industries, and securities.
- **Core and Proprietary Datasets:** Extensive fund and security-level solutions, offering detailed and actionable data.
- **Data Granularity:** Timely, detailed data supporting both bottom-up and top-down asset allocation strategies.
- **Available** via API, desktop UI, SFTP, FTP, Excel and text formats.

- **Investor Sentiment:** Exclusive insights into fund manager & investor sentiment, revealing market trends, active weighting and behavioral patterns.
- **Comprehensive Coverage:** Tracks 151,000+ share classes and > \$58 trillion in assets across equity, bond, money market, alternative, multi-asset fund flows.
- **Actionable Intelligence:** Key insights at macro & stock levels.
- **Historical Data:** 25+ years of data to identify investor sentiment trends and interpret market shifts accurately.

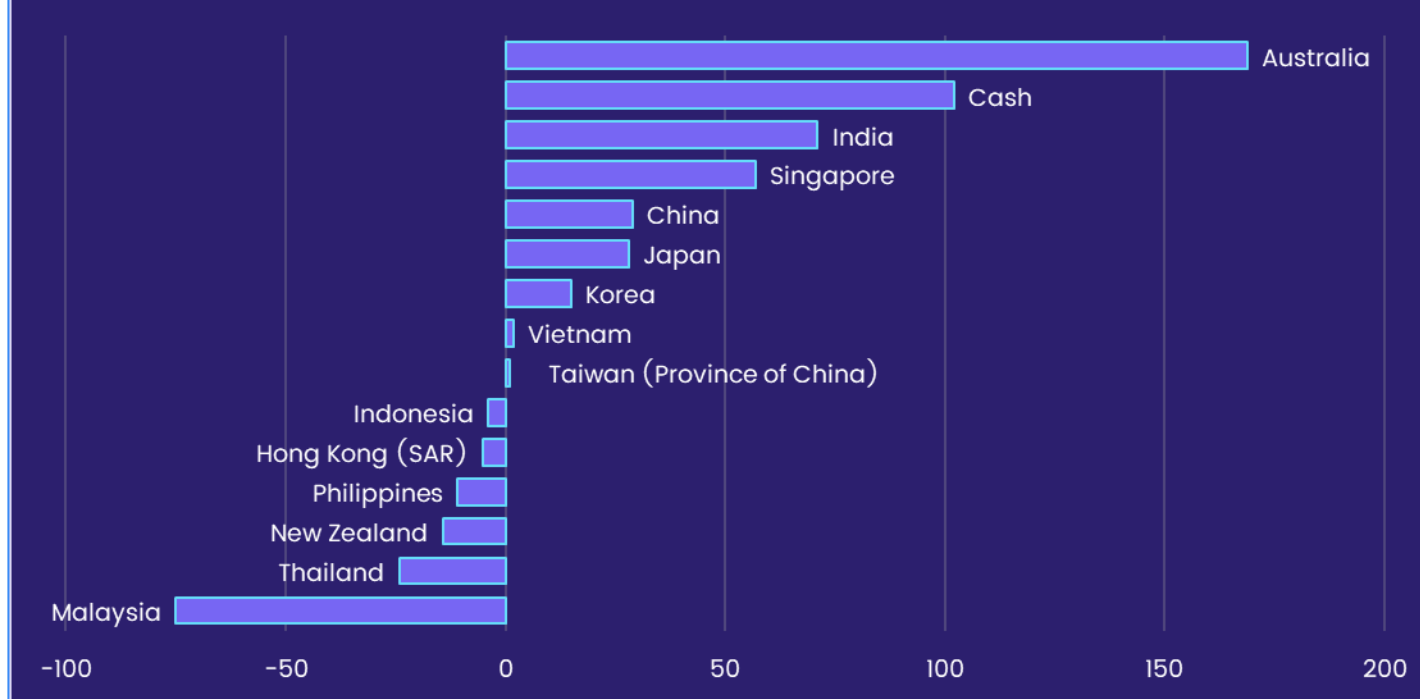
Inverse correlation between option-adjusted spreads and bond fund flows remains strong



- As bond markets experience stress, spreads (OAS) tend to increase sharply, whilst contemporaneously there seem to be tangible outflows in bond funds.
- Flows into bond funds tend to pick up when spreads are tightening.
- The inverse relationship between cumulative flow and spreads is palpable – especially when it comes to the US high yield market.

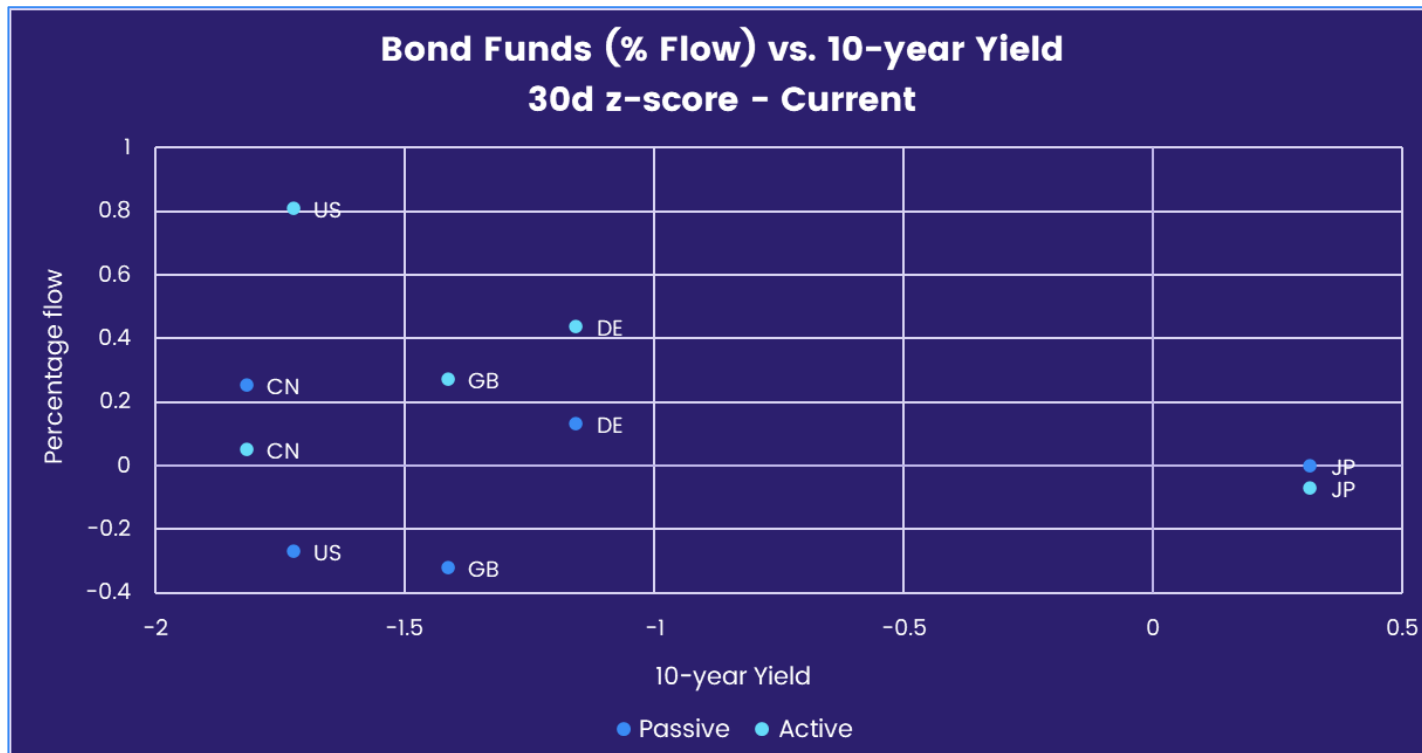
Managers of major allocator group warm to Japan's exit from deflation, but are more bullish about Australia, India and Singapore

Change (in basis points) since 1Q23 to Global ex-US Bond Fund allocations for major Asian markets



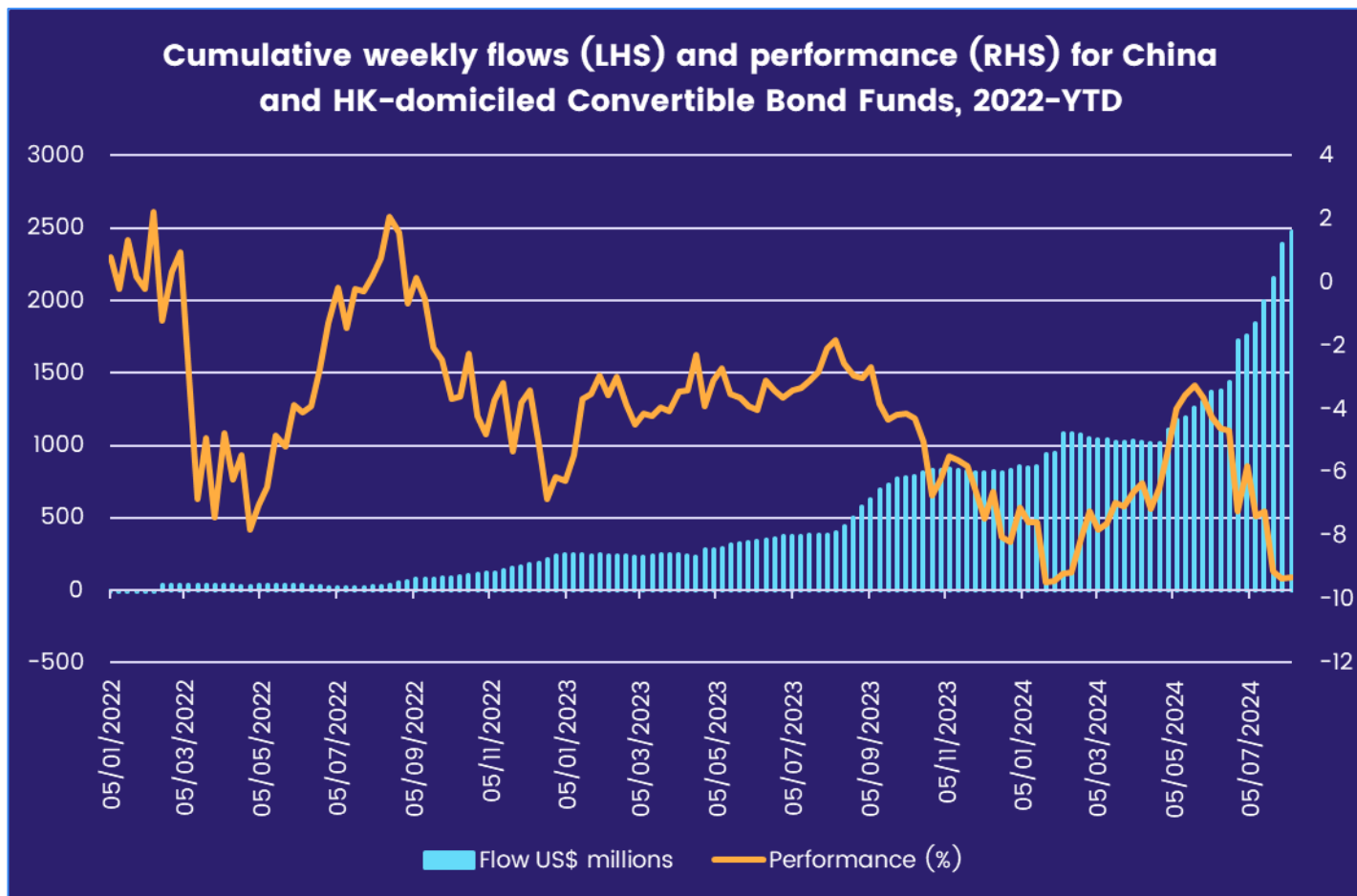
- Managers of global ex-US bond funds, which have pulled in over \$21 billion so far this year, have increased their exposure to Japan over the past eight months.
- However, they have been more aggressive in boosting their allocations to Australia, India and Singapore, as EPFR's chart represents.
- With the Bank of Japan's tightening scheme, and several other central banks simultaneously easing (or, at least, holding their policy rate), investors are likely to pull money – both domestic and foreign – from Japanese debt.

Unlocking new investment opportunities with EPFR's "Percentage Flow" factor



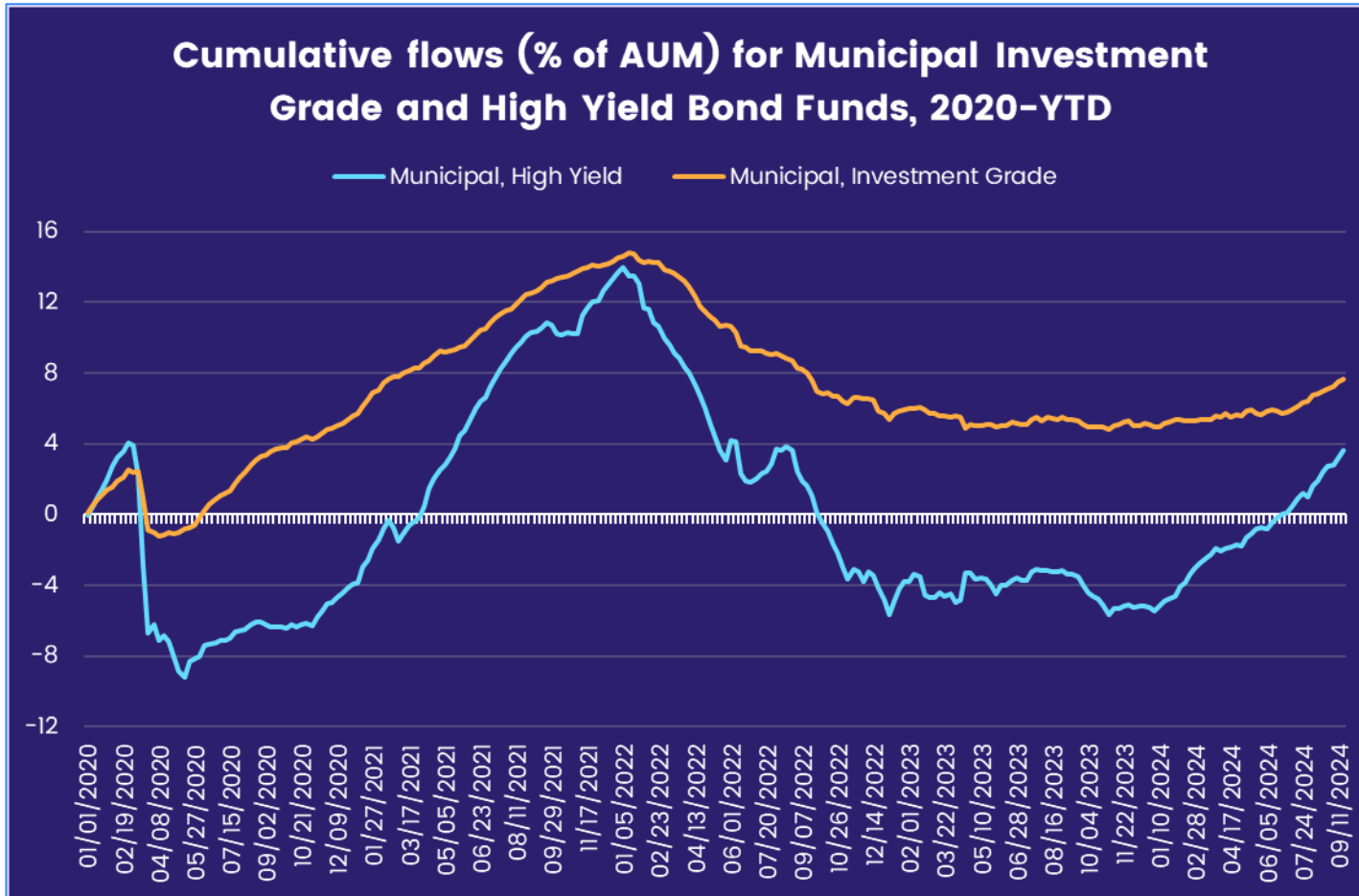
*"Percentage flow" factor = US dollar amount flow per fund, normalised by a fund's AuM

- Monitoring yield trends in conjunction with EPFR's "Percentage Flow" factor generates interesting insights.
- When yields are falling, actively-managed funds tend to see stronger flows. The opposite is true for ETFs, with flows following yields lower.
- Passively-managed bond funds, on the contrary, have negative trending flows in most cases.
- A positive trending yield tends to lead to a negative trend in percentage flow for active bond funds, whilst the trend for passive bond funds seems to be relatively neutral.
- Therefore, investors could see opportunities in actively-managed bond funds in the event of lower trending yield.



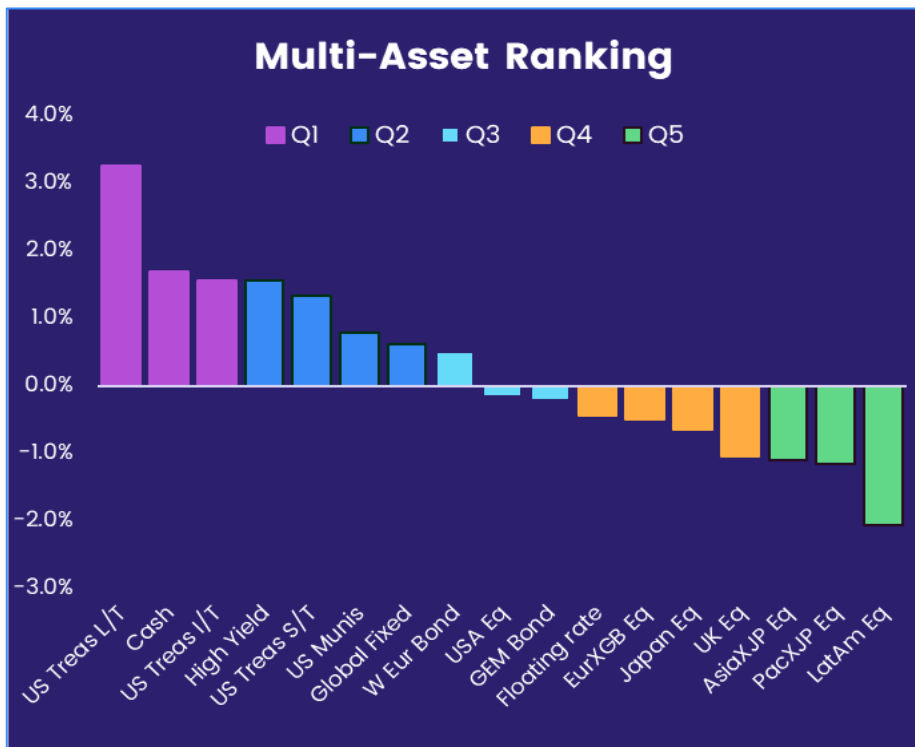
- In August, outflows from emerging markets hard currency funds offset flows into ones with local currency mandates. In the case of the latter, strengthening appetite for exposure to Chinese debt has been a key driver.
- Inflows tracked by EPFR data to China bond funds in mid-August were the largest since mid-1Q22.
- Our data also reported a marked increase in demand for Chinese convertible bonds.

Bond funds on track to set a new full-year inflow record



- With just under a quarter of 2024 left, EPFR-tracked bond funds remain on track to set a new full-year inflow record as the year-to-date total climbed over the \$590 billion mark in mid-September.
- At the asset class level, EPFR users can drill down into inflation protected bond funds, convertible bond funds, high yield bond funds, or municipal bond funds (among others) for further insights.
- As of week ending 18th September, municipal bond funds reported 12 consecutive weeks of inflows. Interestingly, during that run funds with IG mandates consistently attracted bigger inflows than their HY counterparts in cash terms, but lagged them in % of AuM terms.

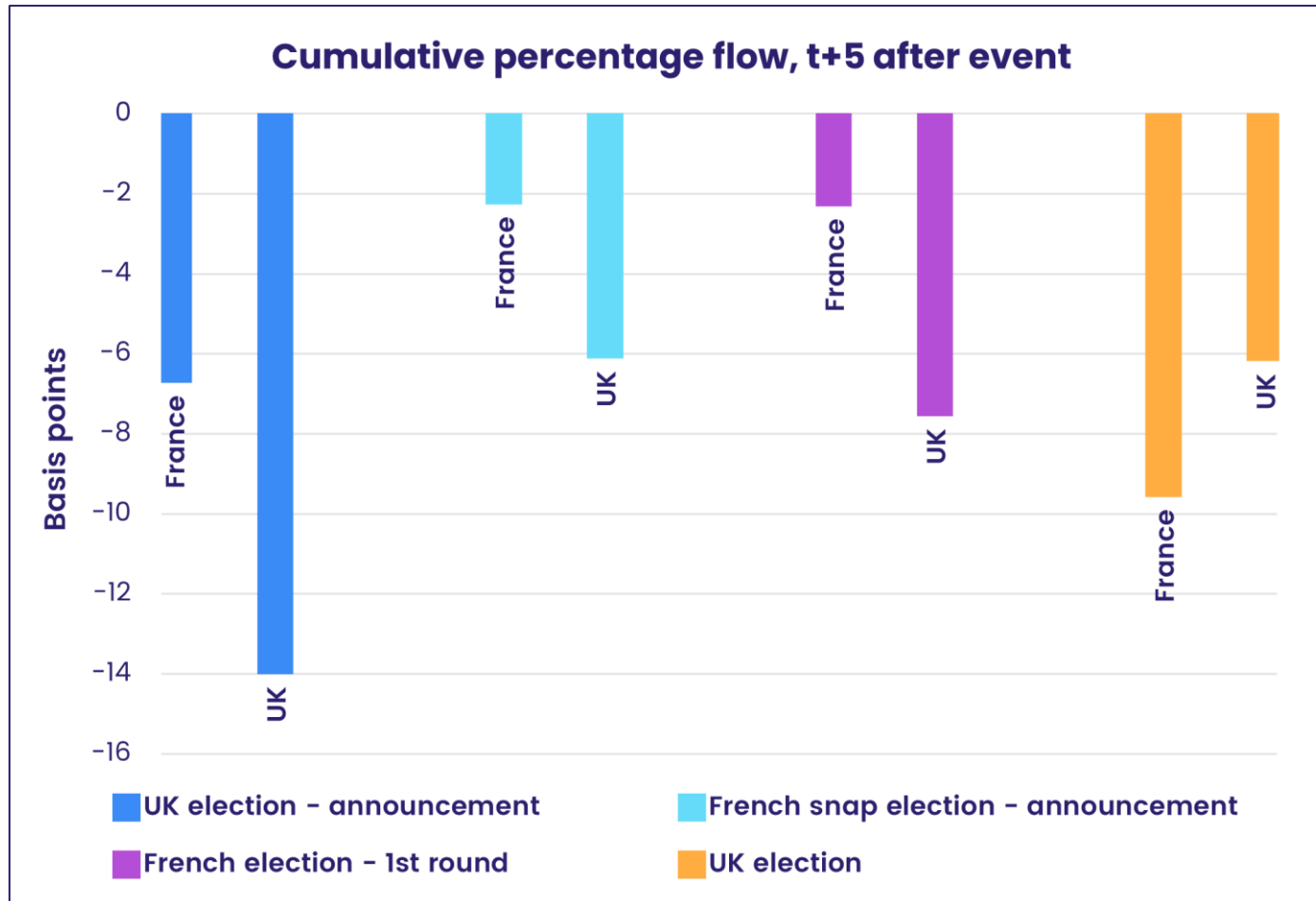
Portfolio Managers stick to cash and fixed income investments



- EPFR uses flow into an asset class as a percentage of assets held in that asset class, summed over the trailing four weeks, to predict future performance of – and drive cross-sectional models for – equity and fixed-income asset classes.
- Recent weekly multi asset rankings developed by EPFR continue to show a marked preference for cash and fixed income among managers who invest across multiple asset classes.
- Treasuries, cash, junk bonds and municipal debt fill six of the seven slots in the top two quintiles.

Position at 11-Sep-24			
	Asset	Current	Rank Change
	US Treas L/T	3.3%	0
	Cash	1.7%	0
	US Treas I/T	1.6%	0
▲	High Yield	1.6%	+1
▼	US Treas S/T	1.3%	-1
	US Munis	0.8%	0
	Global Fixed	0.6%	0
	W Eur Bond	0.5%	0
▲	USA Eq	-0.1%	+1
▲	GEM Bond	-0.2%	+2
▲	Floating rate	-0.4%	+2
▼	EurXGB Eq	-0.5%	-1
▼	Japan Eq	-0.6%	-4
	UK Eq	-1.0%	0
	AsiaXJP Eq	-1.1%	0
	PacXJP Eq	-1.1%	0
	LatAm Eq	-2.1%	0

The grass is browner on both sides of the English Channel



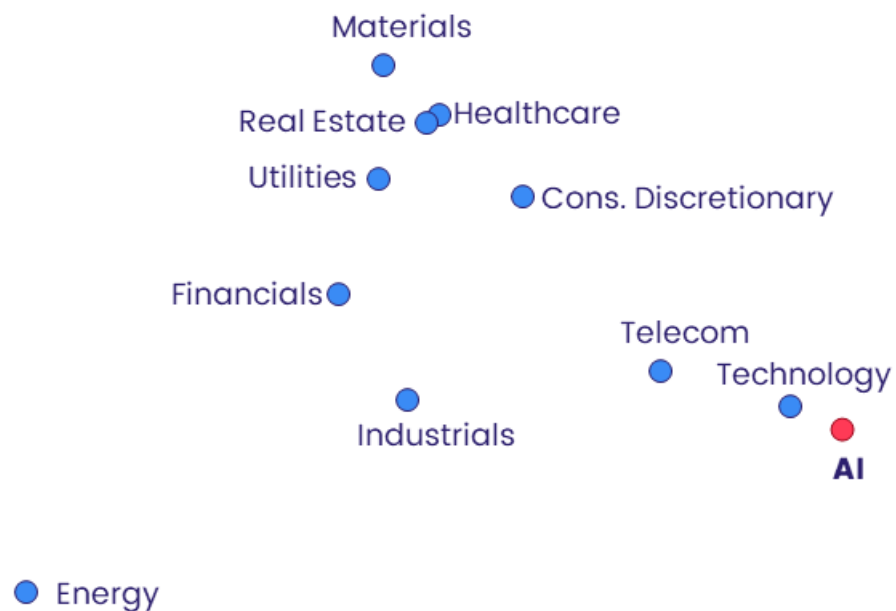
- Following general elections across the UK and France in July, EPFR's bluntest measure of investor sentiment – net flows to the respective country equity fund groups – challenged the market narrative of an orderly, predictable transition in the UK versus France's uncertain, risky road to a new government.
- However, by applying quantitative analysis and some of EPFR's standard filters to data, a more nuanced story emerged.
- In aggregate, and when plotted on a T+5 basis, general elections led to tangible outward percentage flows from both France and the UK.
- European funds divested from both markets, with France experiencing a less severe outflow compared to the UK – except in the aftermath of UK elections.

EPFR's Principal Components Analysis shows that AI is still in technology's orbit



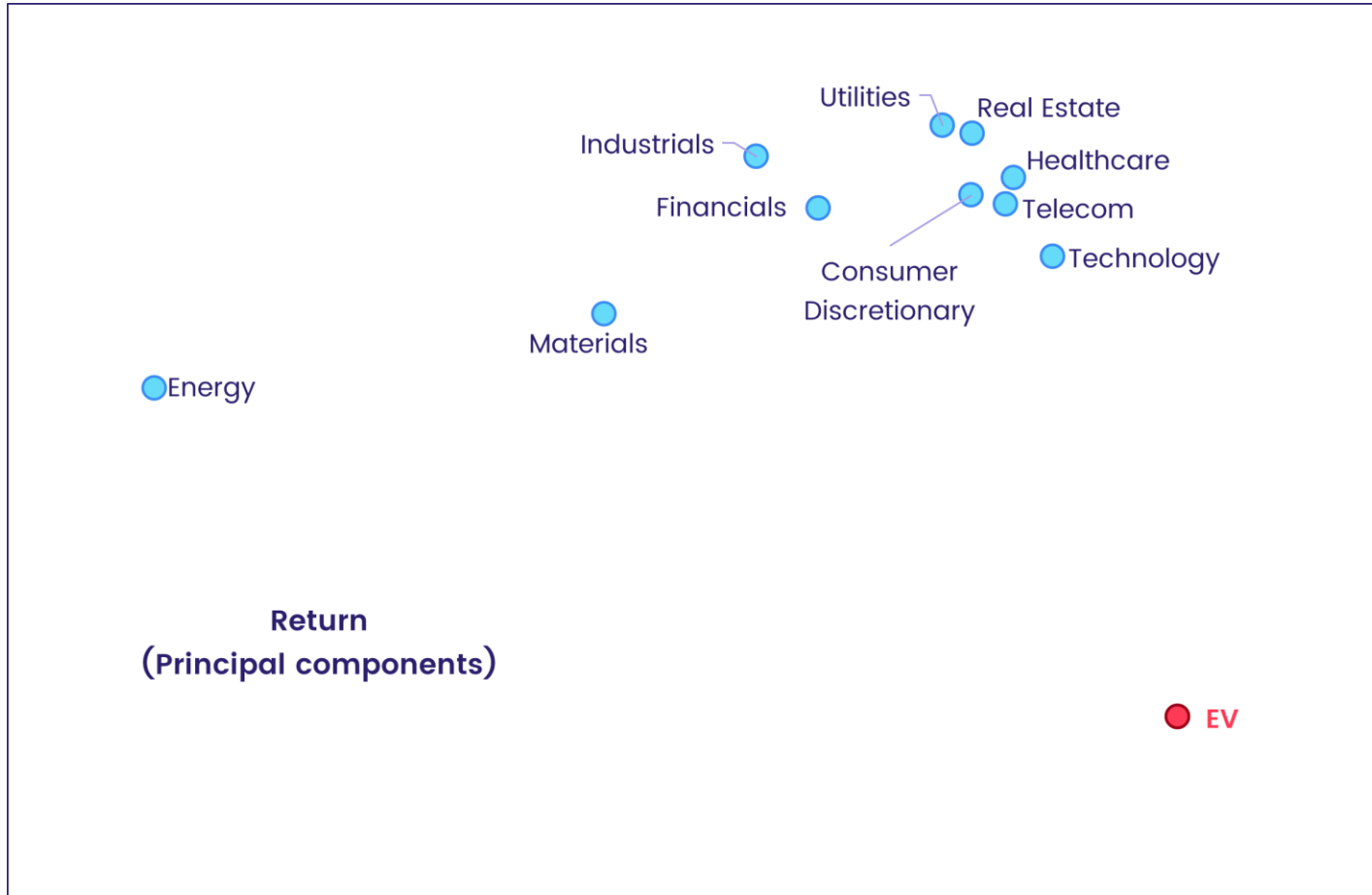
Sector Returns over past two years

Principal components decomposition



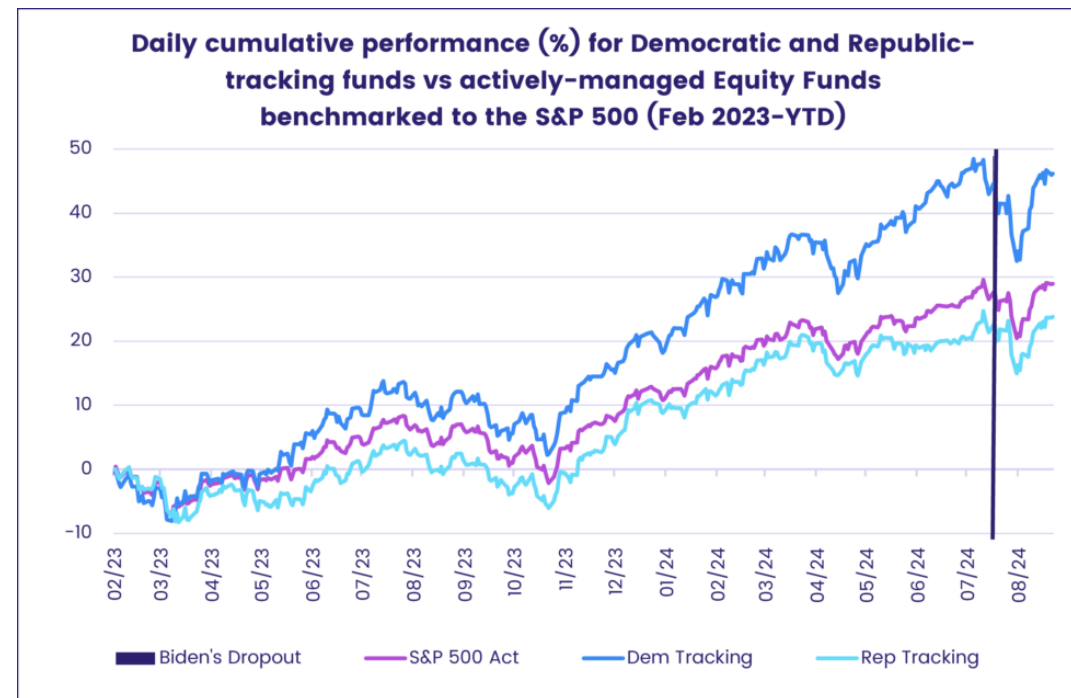
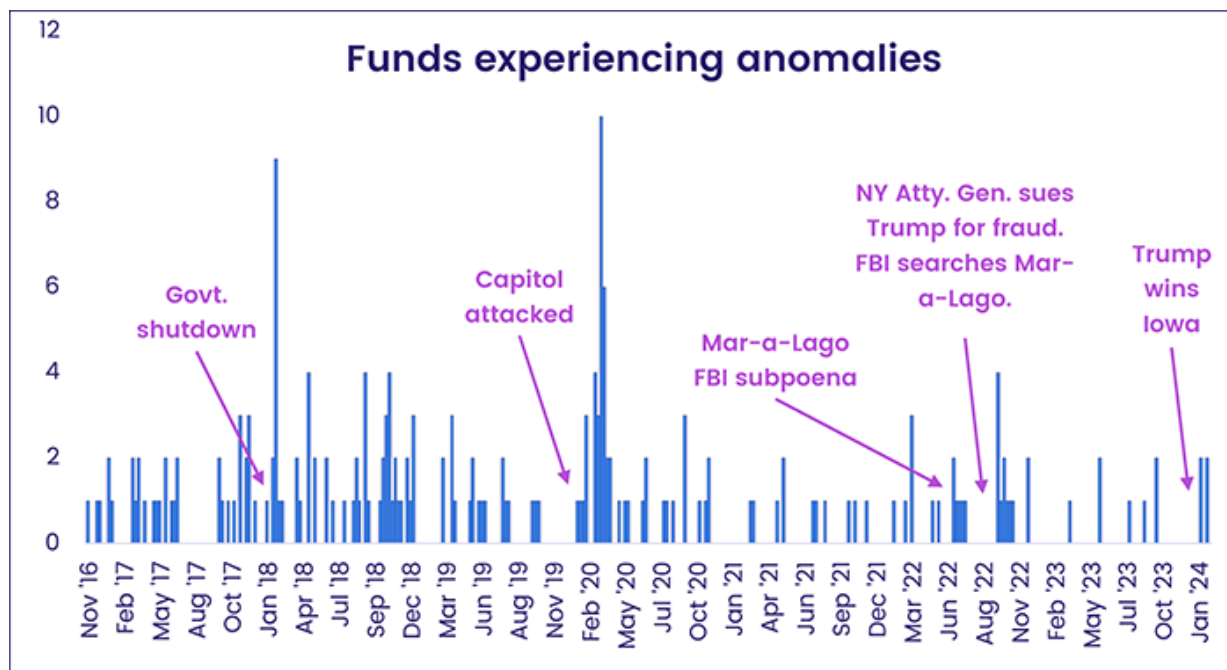
- EPFR's custom groups unlock views into thematic or niche markets emerging within various assets (equities, bonds, ESG and alternatives) or sectors. For instance, artificial intelligence funds within the overarching technology sector or electric vehicle funds in the consumer goods sector.
- These custom groups have been created by analysing EPFR's fund and benchmark level data, identifying those with a set of keywords to capture a smaller universe.
- As a result, our clients have been able to create tailored reports tracking niche markets their desks are focused on, run their own quant analyses, and make decisions based on investor sentiment towards a custom group.
- EPFR's Principal Components Analysis allows us to see just how these custom groups behave compared to the broader 11 EPFR-tracked sector fund groups, on a returns and flows basis.
- As you can see from the exhibit, AI funds behave like technology sector funds, only more so. By this we mean that, when graphed, they are even further down the road that separates technology sector funds from the ruck of sector funds.

Electric Vehicles: Where to garage them?



- Though regarded by many as primarily a green play, EVs can be found across several fund groups, including consumer goods, industrials, technology and SRI/ESG funds.
- Using EPFR-tracked ETFs and mutual funds, we recently looked at EV funds and their relationship to the sector fund groups they are most commonly associated with.
- Neither EV fund flows nor their return profiles are similar to the other sector funds. This could mean that the EV sub-sector has not yet made a huge impact on the broad consumer goods sector and might not reflect the investment risks or opportunities that drive the larger group.

US Presidential election: Uncovering new narratives with EPFR's quant strategies



- EPFR's Quantitative Analysts have combined our leading fund flow data and in-house quant strategies to challenge dominant narratives around the impending US Presidential election.
- By looking at flows and returns for Democratic and Republican-tracking funds against US Equity Funds benchmarked to the S&P 500 index, we recently concluded that US lawmakers don't use information advantages to their benefit when in power.
- Furthermore, using our fund flows and allocations data, we analysed the influence of Donald Trump-centric events on 66 funds showing anomalous flows between 2016 and 2024. The flow and return of these funds can be used as a guide to market behaviour with the election approaching.



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Thank you.
Contact us with questions.

